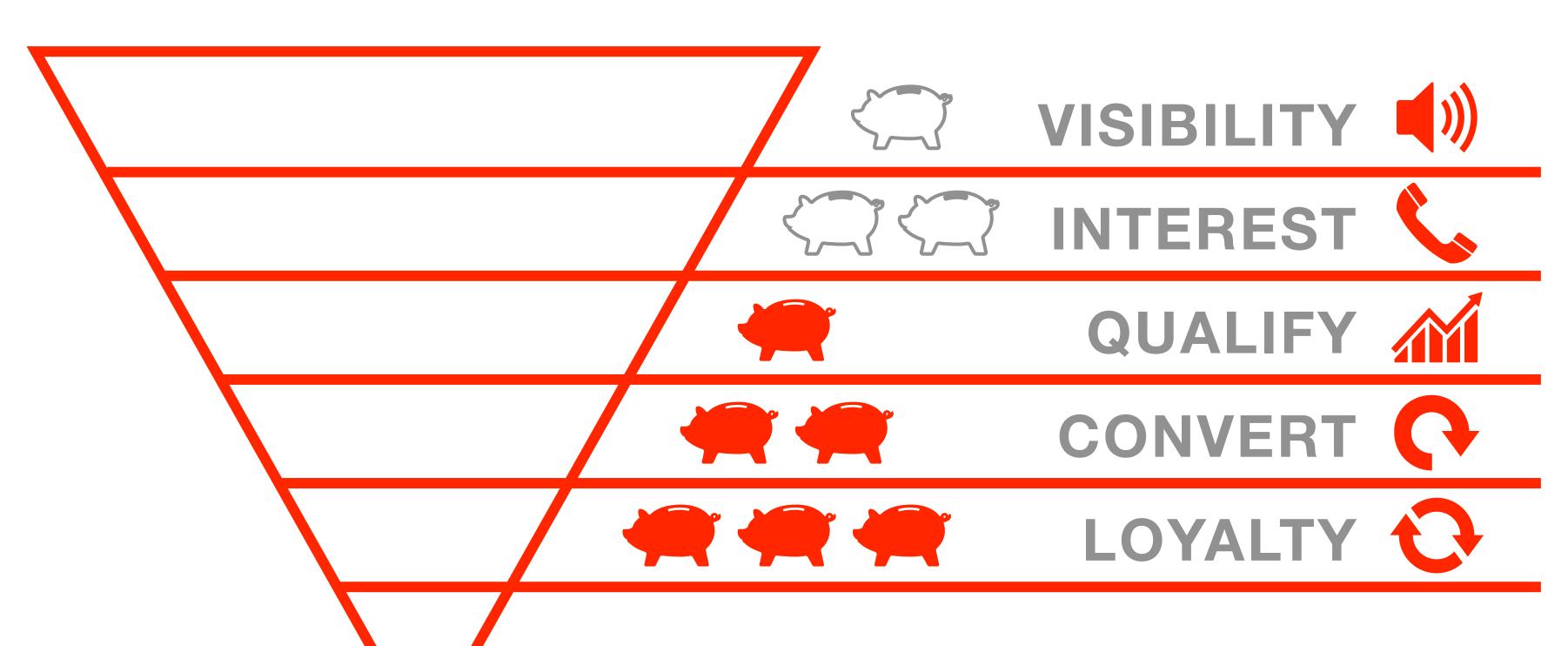
GROWIH MODEL





GROWTH SYSTEM

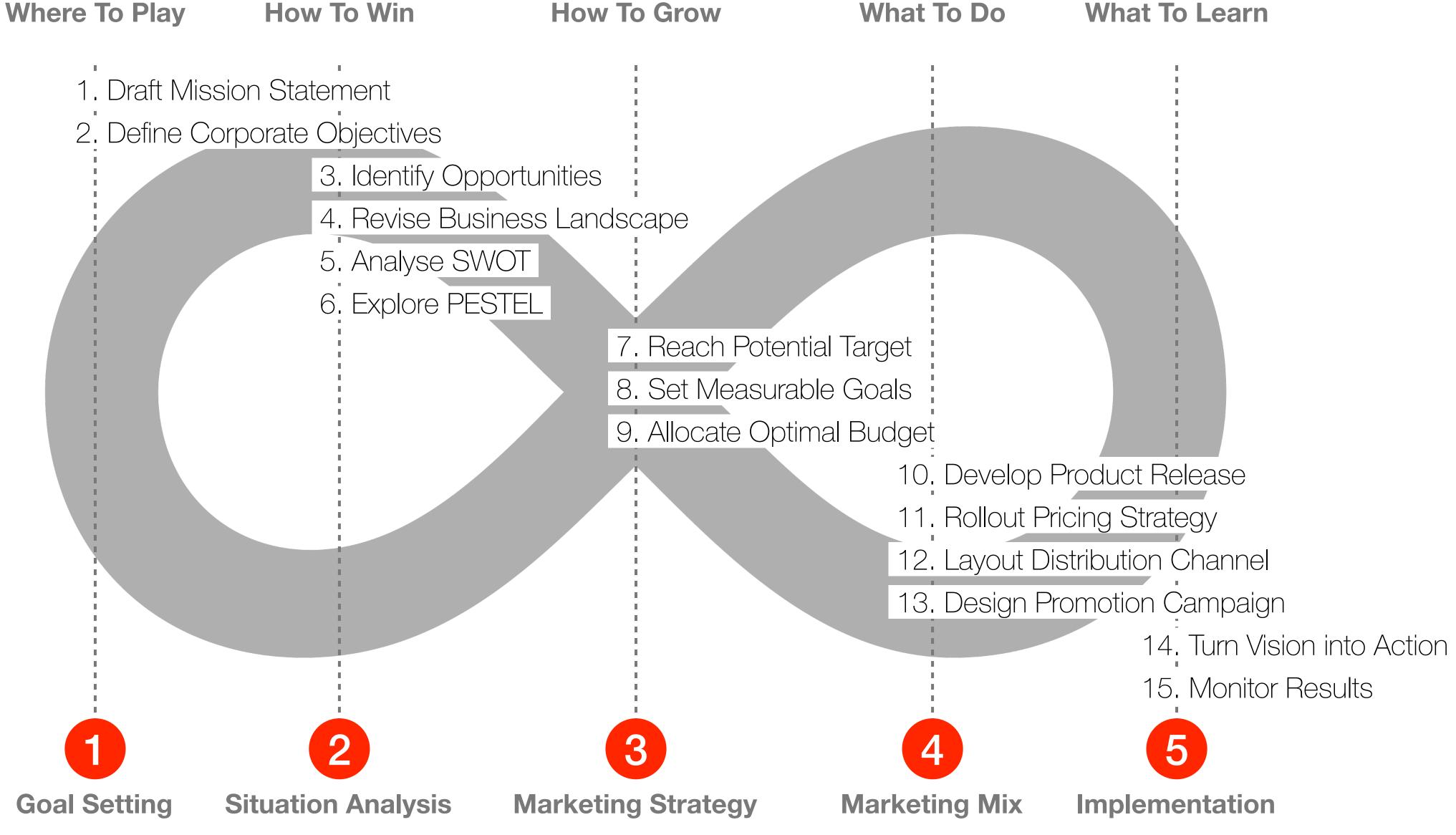






Source: Growth System excerpted from Growth Thinking, Nader Sabry (2021)

www.mjuigtc.com





Source: The Growth Learning Loop adapted from Marketing Planning Process, Malcolm McDonald (2016)

www.mjuigtc.com

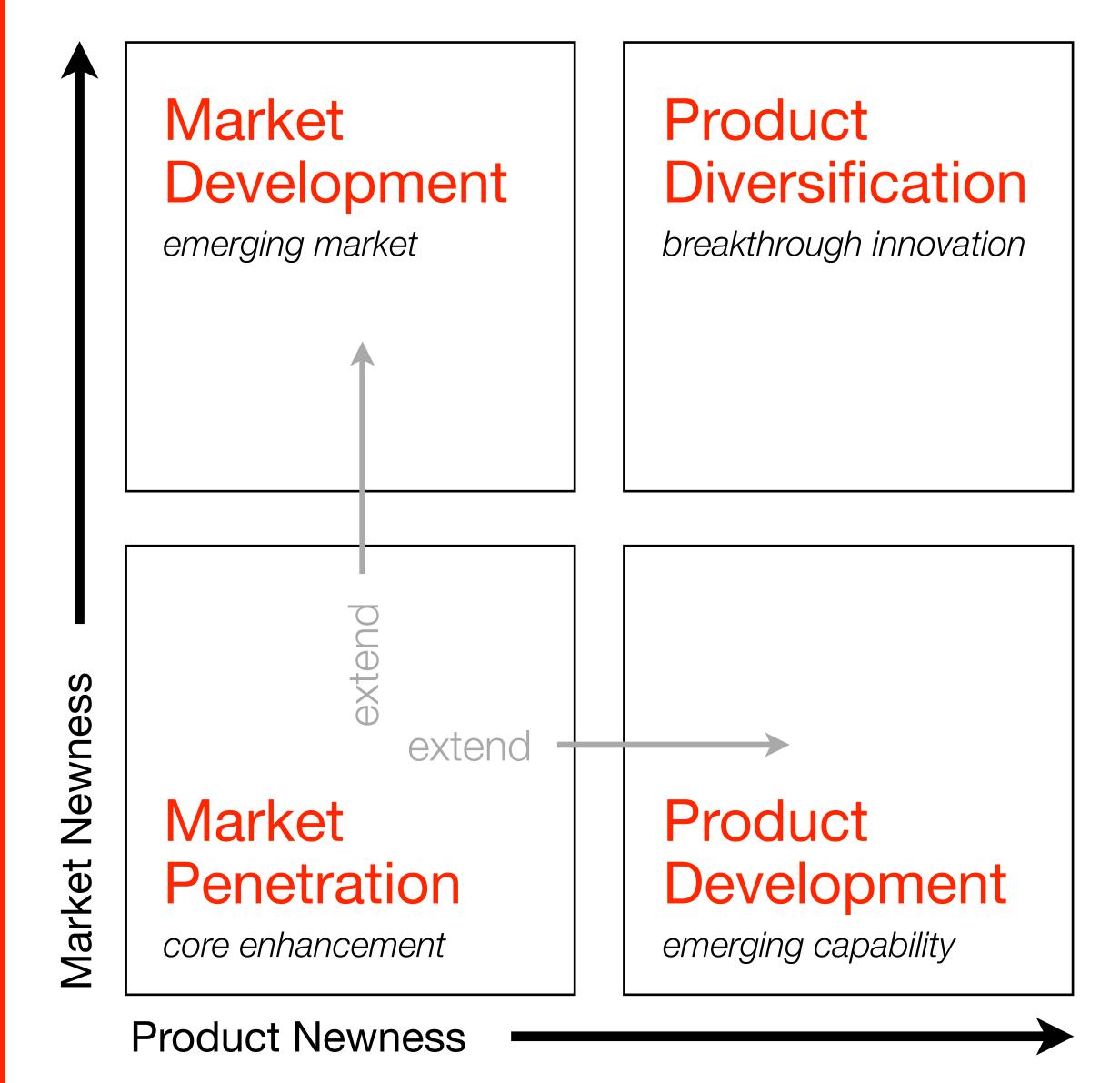
#FOREFOOD

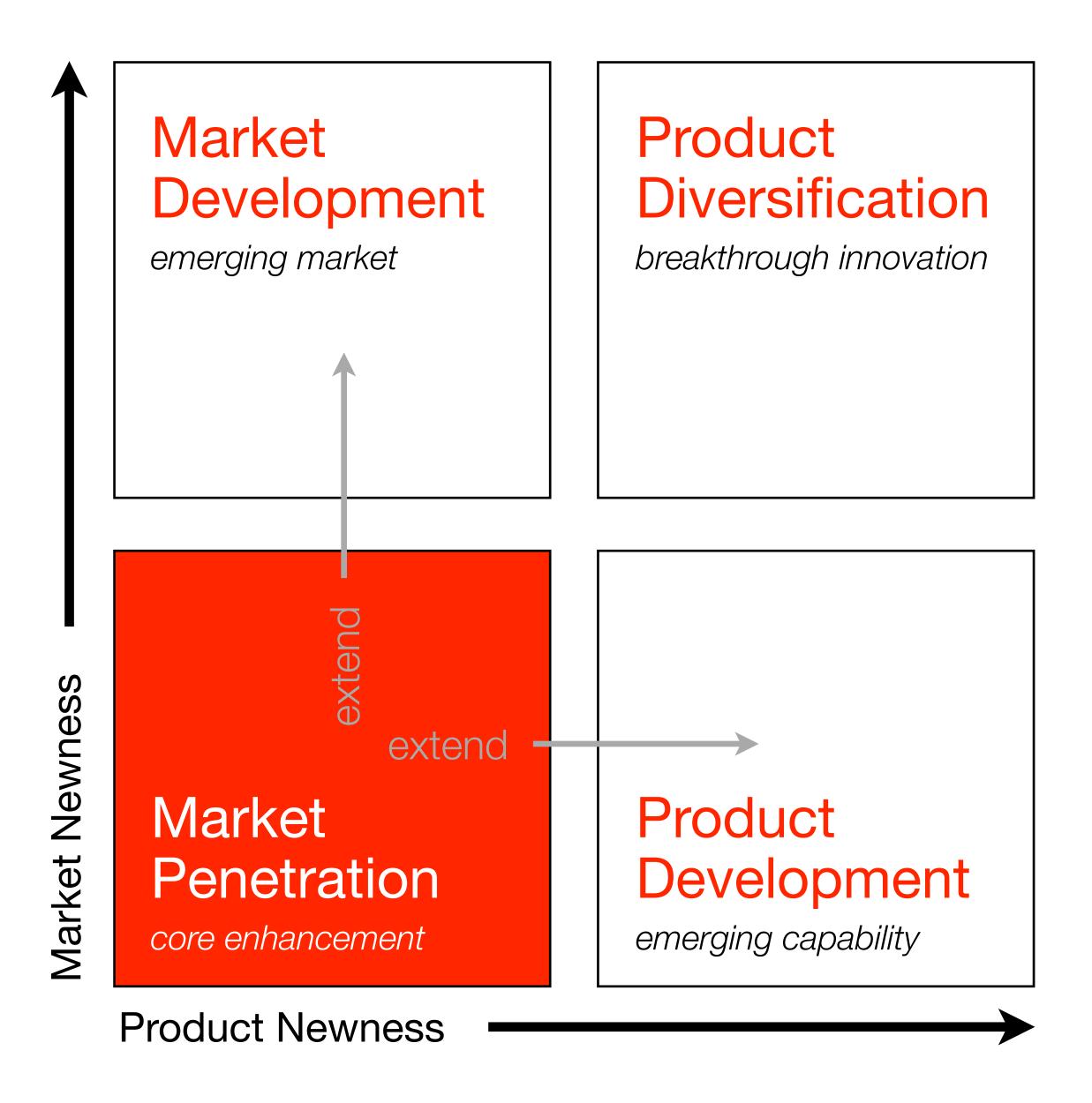


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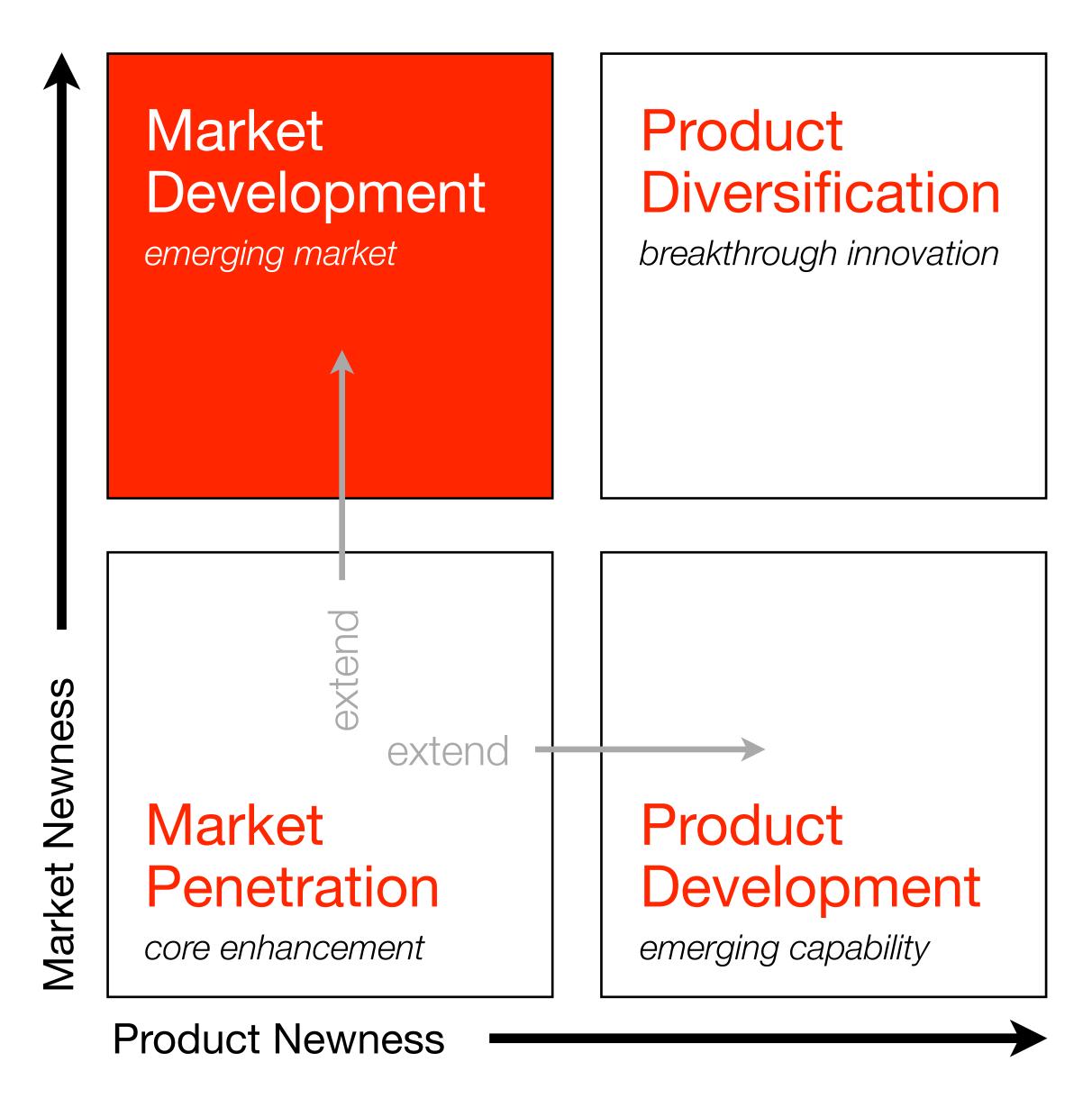




You grow by selling more of your existing products to current markets.

Several ways to do this, including:

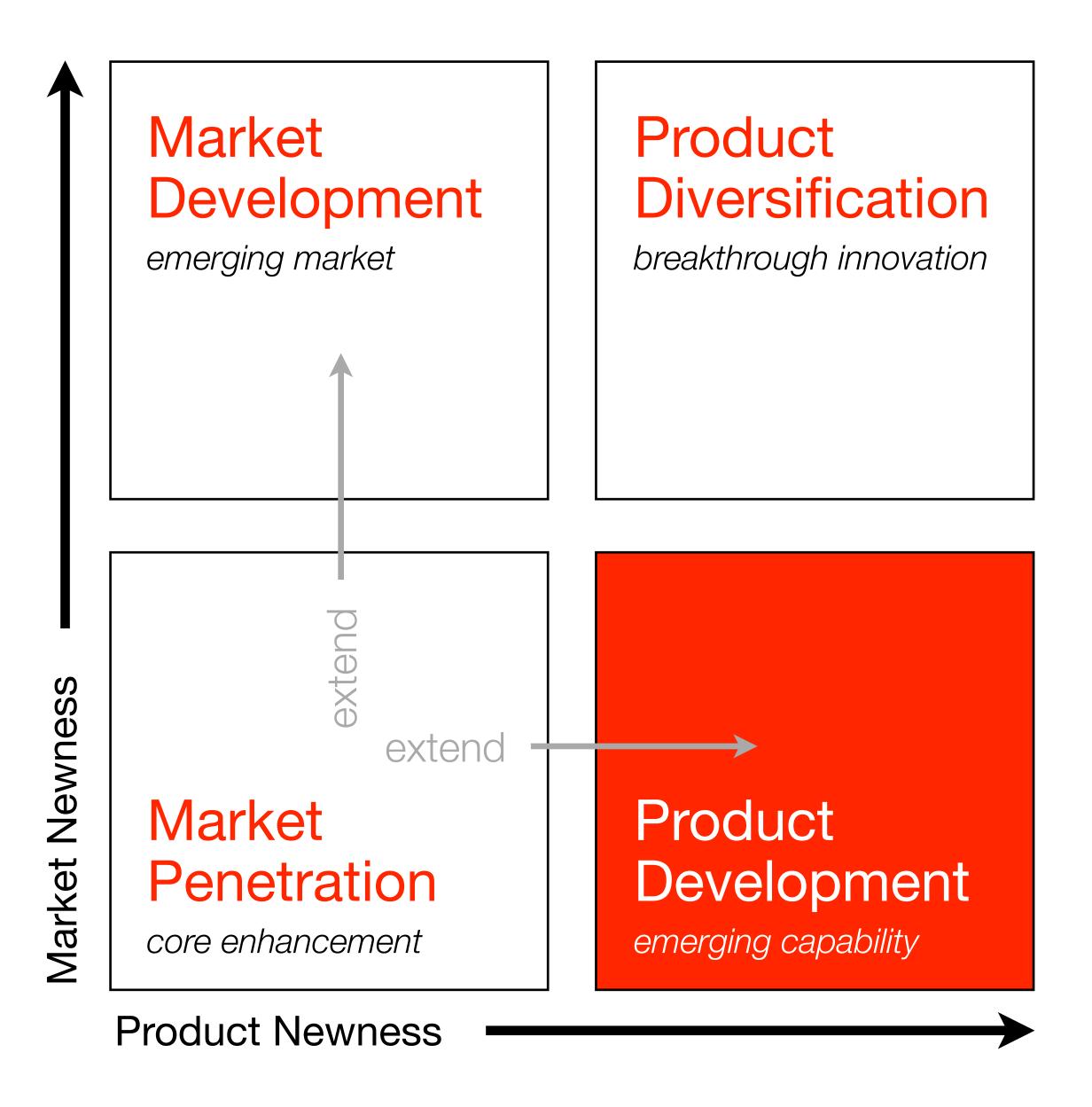
- Entice customers away from competitors
- Encourage existing customers to become more frequent users
- Acquire a competitor



You grow by selling existing products to new markets.

Several ways to do this:

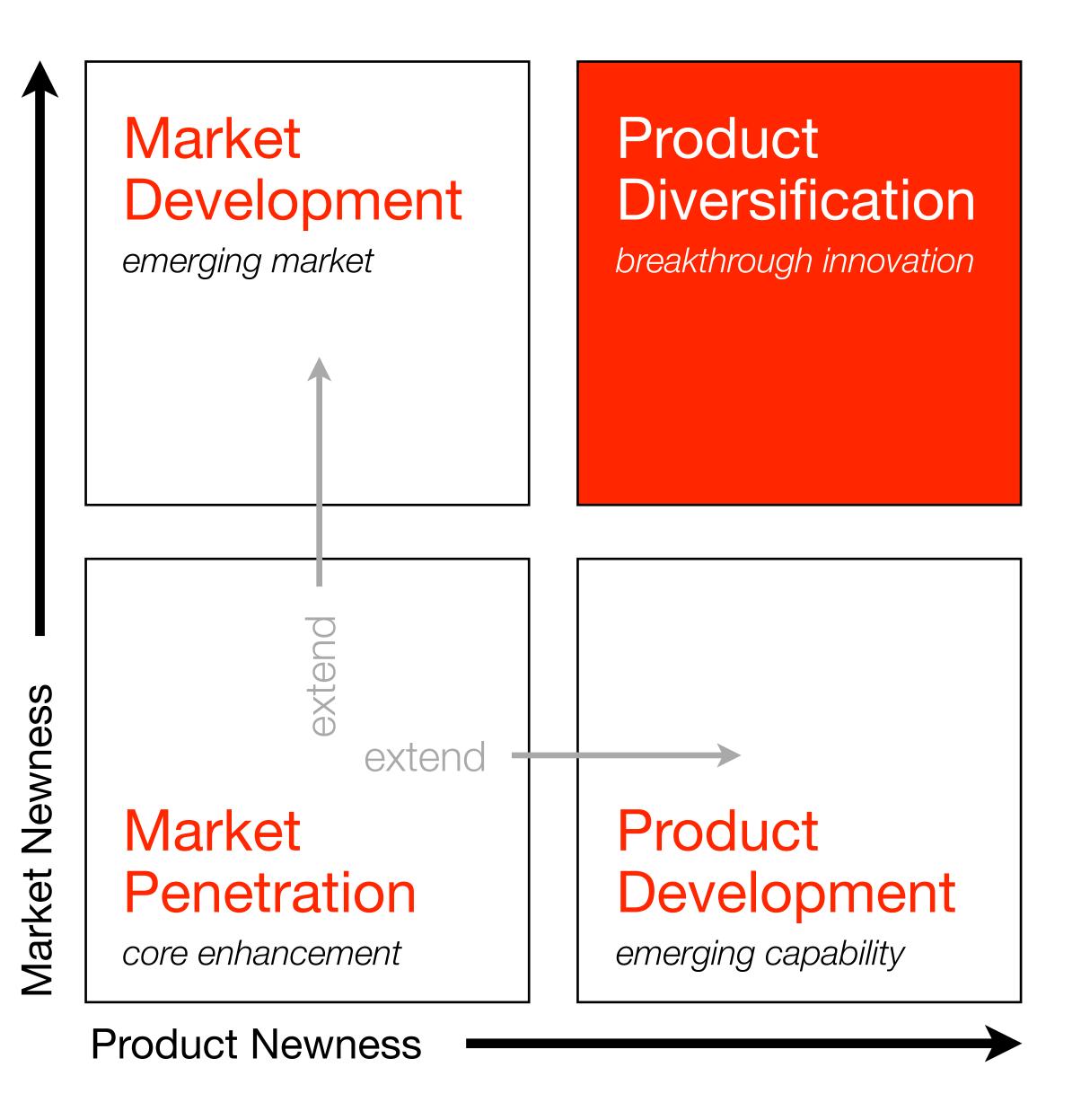
- Enter new territories
- Creating new product dimensions
- New distribution channels
- Create products targeted at different market segments



You grow by selling new products to your existing markets.

There are many ways to implement:

- Investment in research and development
- Buying the rights to someone else's product
- Bring out new product updates



You grow by offering new products to new market segments.

There are two types of diversification:

- Related diversification
- Unrelated diversification



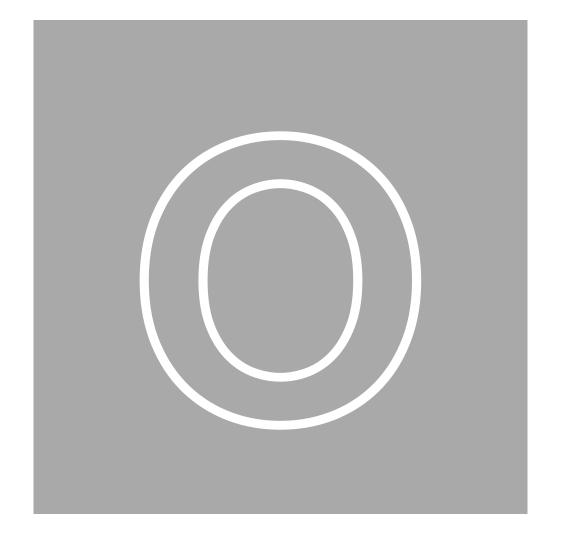
iGTCx CoLAB: The Future is Collaborative

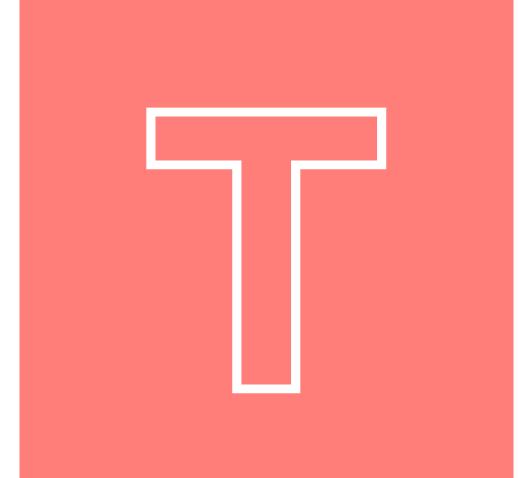
SWOT MATRIX SWOT MATRIX SWOT MATRIX SWOT MATRIX SWOT MATRIX





















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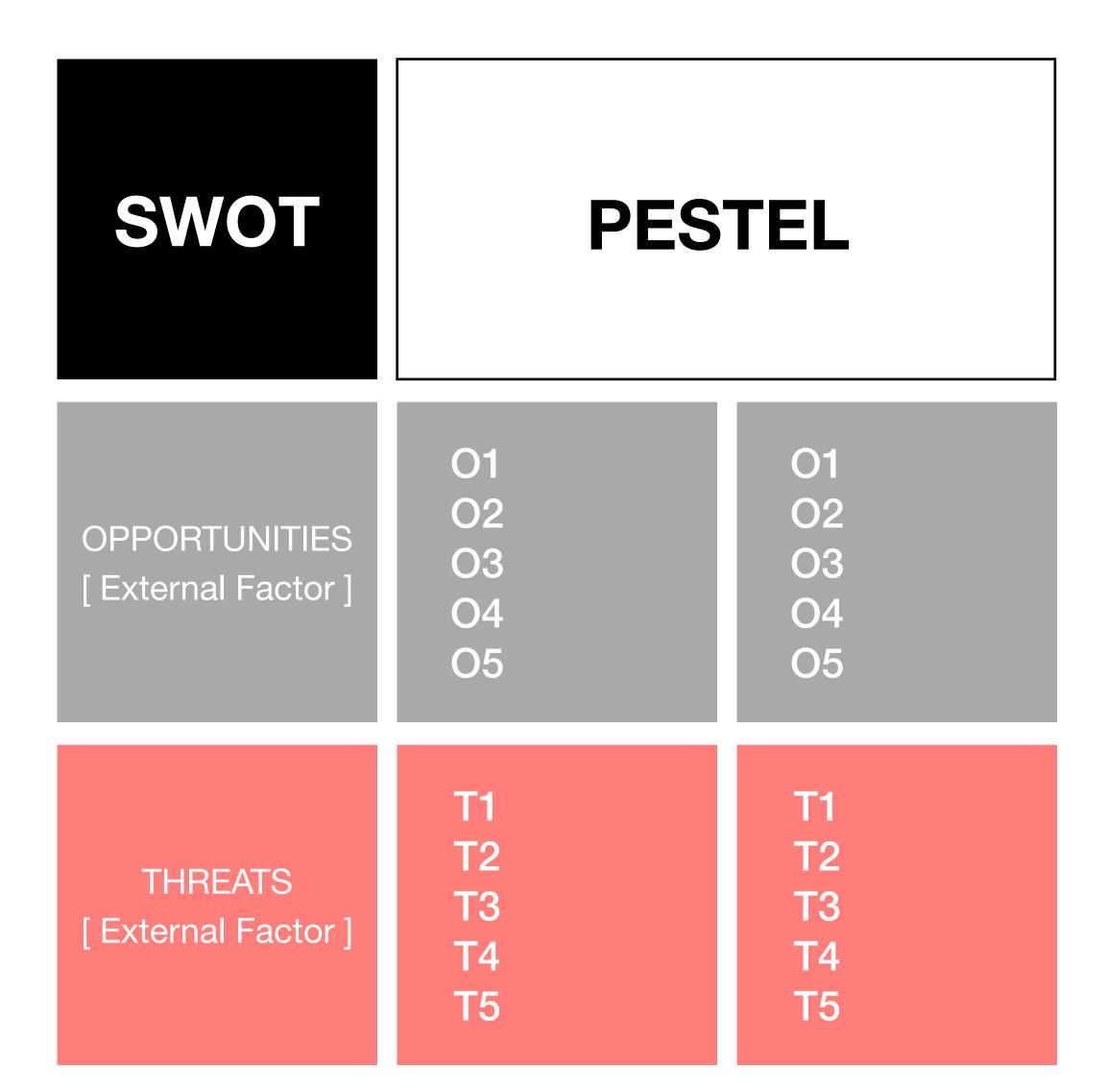






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SWOT MATRIX SWOT MATRIX SWOT MATRIX SWOT MATRIX SWOT MATRIX









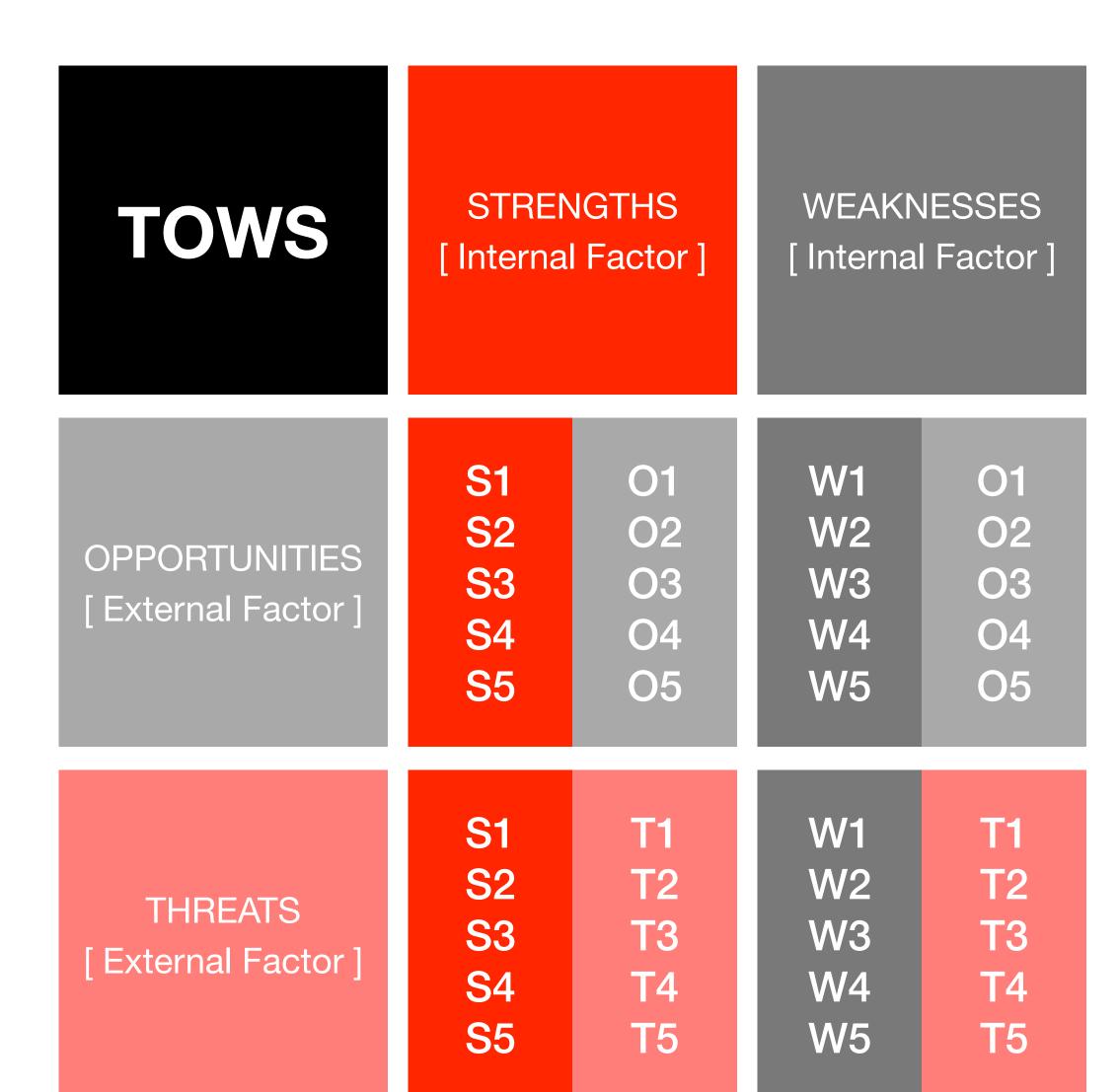




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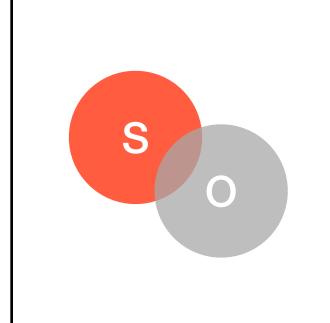


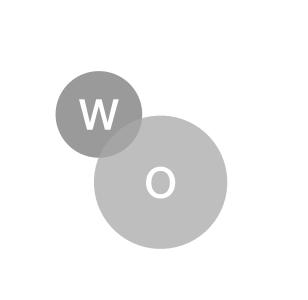


STRENGTHS
[Internal Factor]

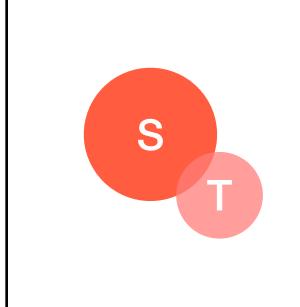
WEAKNESSES
[Internal Factor]

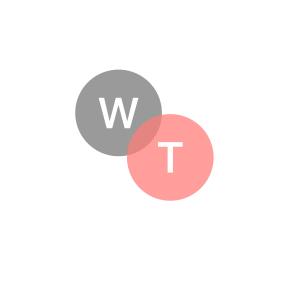
OPPORTUNITIES
[External Factor]





THREATS
[External Factor]









จะไปต่ออย่างไร เริ่มต้นตรงไหน ทำอะไรก่อนดี ?

SPACE - Strategic Position and Action Evaluation Analysis

The SPACE analysis refers to four groups of factors: financial strength (FS), competitive advantage (CA), industry strength (IS), and environmental stability (ES). It seeks to strike the balance among all variables of the internal and the external environment. The financial strength and the competitive advantage factors refer to the evaluation of the internal strategic position of an organization, while the industry strength and the environmental stability factors deal with its external strategic position.



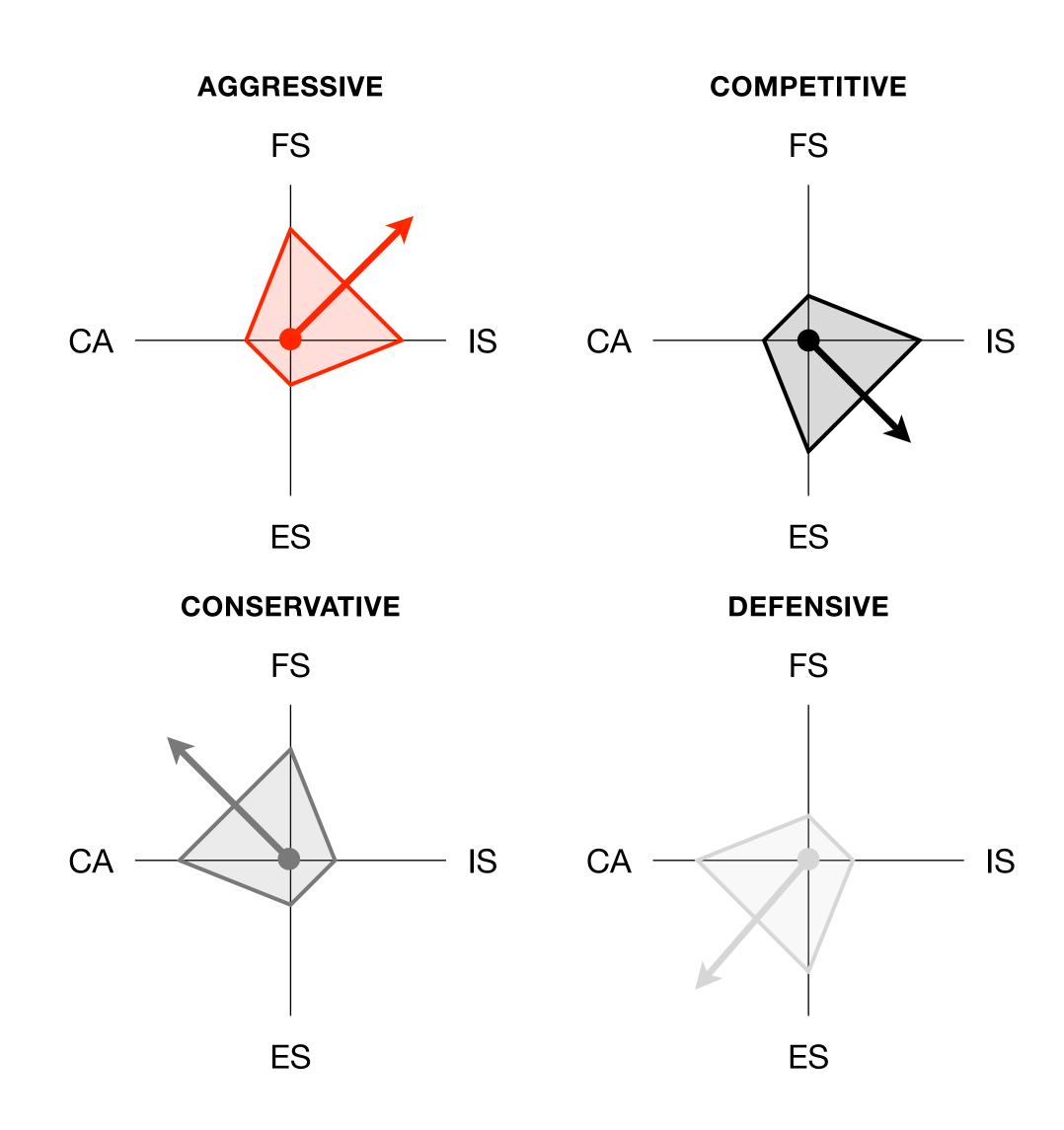




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SPACE MATRIX SPACE MATRIX SPACE MATRIX SPACE MATRIX SPACE MATRIX SPACE MATRIX







SPACE MATRIX

ผลตอบแทนการลงทุน
หนี้สิน
สภาพคล่อง
เงินทุนหมุนเวียน
กระแสเงินสด
ความง่ายในการออกจากตลาด
ความเสี่ยงที่เกี่ยวข้องกับธุรกิจ

Financial Strength - FS

[+]

สวนครองตลาด คุณภาพของผลิตภัณฑ์ วัฏจักรชีวิตผลิตภัณฑ์ วัฏจักรการทดแทนผลิตภัณฑ์ ความจงรักภักดีของลูกค้า ความสามารถในการแข่งขัน

การควบคุมช่องทางจัดจำหน่าย

Competitive Advantage - CA

[-]

nternal Evaluation IS CA External Evaluation

Industry Strength - *IS*

[+]

แนวโน้มในการเติบโต
แนวโน้มการทำกำไร
ความมั่นคงทางการเงิน
เทคนิคทางเทคโนโลยี
การใช้ทรัพยากร
ความเข้มแข็งทางเงินทุน
ความง่ายในการเข้าสู่ตลาด
ผลิตภัณฑ์และกำลังความสามารถ

Environment Stability - ES

[-]

การเปลี่ยนแปลงทางเทคโนโลยี
อัตราเงินเฟ้อ
ความผันแปรของอุปสงค์
ขอบเขตราคาของผลิตภัณฑ์ที่แข่งขัน
กำแพงในการเข้ามาสู่ตลาด
แรงกดดันจากคู่แข่ง
ความยึดหยุ่นราคาอุปสงค์

Source: Strategic Management and Policy adapted from H. Rowe, R. Mason, and K Dichel (1982)

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#IGTCCOLAB

SPACE FACTORS Financial Strength - FS



1) Return On Investment	Low	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 <i>High</i>
2) Financial Leverage	Low	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 <i>High</i>
3) Liquidity	Low	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 <i>High</i>
4) Working Capital	Low	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 <i>High</i>
5) Cash Flow	Low	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 <i>High</i>
6) Ease of Exit	Low	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 <i>High</i>
7) Risk Involved in Business	Low	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 <i>High</i>





Toolkit & Legend: Average Scores of the Factors / Competitor Comparison Chart



Source: Strategic Management and Policy adapted from H. Rowe, R. Mason, and K Dichel (1982)

SPACE FACTORS Competitive Advantages - CA



1) Market Share	Low	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 <i>High</i>
2) Product Quality	Low	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 <i>High</i>
3) Product Life Cycle	Low	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 <i>High</i>
4) Product Replacement Cycle	Low	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 <i>High</i>
5) Customer Loyalty	Low	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 <i>High</i>
6) Vertical Integration	Low	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 <i>High</i>
7) Speed of New Product Introductions	Low	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 <i>High</i>





Toolkit & Legend:

Average Scores of the Factors / Competitor Comparison Chart



SPACE FACTORS Industry Strength - IS



1) Growth Potential	Low	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 <i>High</i>
2) Profit Potential	Low	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 <i>High</i>
3) Financial Stability	Low	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 High
4) Technological Know-How	Low	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 High
5) Resource Utilisation	Low	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 High
6) Competition's Capacity Utilisation	Low	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 High
7) Capital Intensity	Low	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 High
8) Ease of Entry	Low	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 High







Toolkit & Legend: Average Scores of the Factors / Competitor Comparison Chart



SPACE FACTORS Environmental Stability - ES



1) Technological Innovation	Low	0 1	2	3	4	5	6	High
2) Inflation Rate	Low	0 1	2	3	4	5	6	High
3) Demand Variability	Low	0 1	2	3	4	5	6	High
4) Price Range of Competing Products	Low	0 1	2	3	4	5	6	High
5) Barriers to Entry	Low	0 1	2	3	4	5	6	High
6) Competitive Pressure	Low	0 1	2	3	4	5	6	High
7) Price Elasticity of Demand	Low	0 1	2	3	4	5	6	High
8) Pressure from Substitutes	Low	0 1	2	3	4	5	6	High





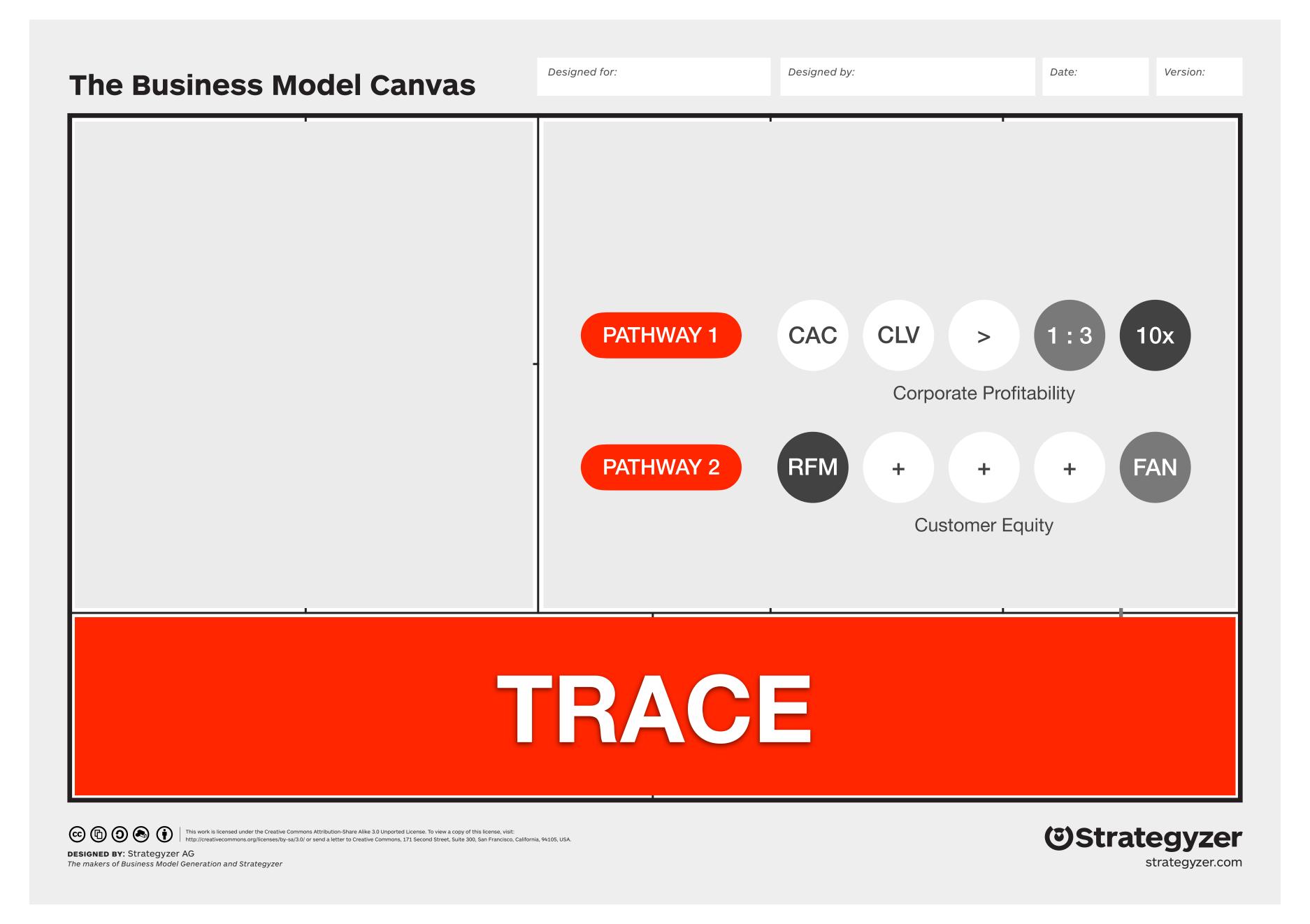


Toolkit & Legend:

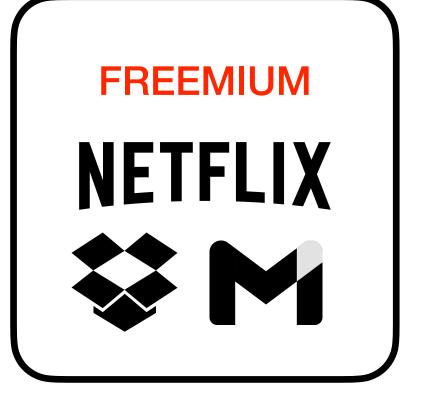
Average Scores of the Factors / Competitor Comparison Chart







GROWTH MODEL PATTERNS



















AND...WHAT'S YOURS?

ROBINHOOD

Help the Rich to Reach the Poor

WHITE LABEL

Sell The Same Product with Different Brand Names

SHOP-IN-SHOP

Integrate
Different Brands
within the Same
Space

ULTIMATE LUXURY

Focus on the Upper Side of Society's Pyramid

REVENUE SHARING

Share Revenues with Their Stakeholders

ADD-ON

Benefit
Customer from
a Variable
Offer

REVERSE ENGINEERING

Obtain a
Competitor's
Product

LOCK-IN

Incur Substantial Switching Costs



Source: Growth Model Patterns

adapted from Oliver Gassmann, Korolin Frankenberger & Michaela Csik (2014) / illustrated by Anuwat Churyen (2020)